

Temperature Mapping Study Report

Rev. 1.0 - 22-JUL-2025

SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T

Approval

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Table of contents

Approval	1
Table of contents	2
Introduction	4
Purpose	4
Acronyms and glossary	5
References	6
Roles and responsibilities	7
Description of Equipment	8
Equipment data	8
Equipment layout	8
External influences	9
Internal influences	9
Normal use	9
Loading	9
Door openings	10
Temperature control	10
Scope	10
History	10
Objectives	10
Acceptance criteria	11
Cold conditions	11
Ambient conditions	11
Deviations	11
Risk assessment	11
Methodology	13
Test equipment	13
EDLM requirements for P1T (Temperature sensors):	13
Identification of test equipment	13
Placement of dataloggers	13
Rationales	14
Overview of placements	14
Performed tests	15
Test procedures	15
Placement of dataloggers	15
Conditions during test	15



Temperature data during the mapping period (Outside air)	16
Mapping Study Execution	16
Test documentation	16
Non-conformities	17
Data review	17
Mapping data and conclusions	17
TP3.A - Empty Stability test (OQ) - Cold Temperature	18
Raw data	18
Minimum, maximum and average	18
Hot and cold spots	19
Observed excursions	19
Tendencies of interest	20
Conclusion	20
Non-conformities	20
TP3.B - Empty Stability test (OQ) - Ambient Temperature	21
Raw data	21
Minimum, maximum and average	21
Hot and cold spots	22
Tendencies of interest	22
Conclusion	23
Non-conformities	23
Overall conclusion and recommendations	24
Overview of the mapping results for hot and cold spots	25
Change history	26



Introduction

This mapping report has been created based on the mapping protocol of SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T, rev. 1.0 and all tests have been performed in accordance with said mapping protocol.

All tests are described in detail in the attached mapping protocol and the associated test plans.

This report contains the required documentation based on the mapping protocol, as well as conclusions and recommendations based on the data gathered during the mapping exercise.

Purpose

During the validation of the mentioned unit, a mapping study has been performed to provide information on the temperature performance of the equipment, and to evaluate its compliance to internal requirements as well as external governmental regulations.

A summary of the results of the mapping exercises is presented in this report, along with conclusions and recommendations based on these results.



Acronyms and glossary

Acronym	Meaning	
Ambient Temperature	Room temperatures between 15°C - 25°C	
ca.	Circa (=approximately)	
Cold Temperature	Room temperatures between 2°C - 8°C	
EDLM	Electronic Data Logging Monitor	
HVAC-system	Heating, ventilation and air conditioning system	
MPE	Maximum Permissible Error	
OQ	Operational qualification	
Rev.	Document revision number	
ТР	Test Plan	



References

Document #	Title and revision
N/A	Model guidance for the storage and transport of time- and temperature-sensitive pharmaceutical products, WHO Technical Report Series, No. 961, 2011 Annex 9
N/A	Temperature mapping of storage areas Technical supplement to WHO Technical Report Series, No. 961, 2011
N/A	ISPE, Good Practice Guide: Controlled Temperature Chamber Mapping and Monitoring, 2016
SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T	Temperature Mapping Protocol, rev. 1.0
SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T .TP1	Documentation of Training - Test Plan, rev. 1.0
SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T .TP2	Datalogger Placement and Identification - Test Plan, rev. 1.0
SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T .TP3	Empty Stability Study - Test Plan, rev. 1.0
SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T .TP4	Door opening scheme/Warning letter - Test Plan, rev. 1.0
Appendix 1	Calibration certificates
Appendix 2	Raw data files
Appendix 3	Mapping data report files
Appendix 4	Picture documentation of datalogger placement
Appendix 5	Scanned TPs



Roles and responsibilities

Original author

The mapping report has been authored by Eupry ApS, Zinonas Christou.

Review

Athina Magklara from Eupry ApS will review this mapping report and associated test plans.

Approval

Michael Hoff is appointed as responsible for approving the mapping report and associated test plans.

Qualified third party

Sir Lancellot has commissioned Eupry ApS as a qualified third party to write the final report.

Tester

Tester is responsible for performing the mapping exercises and filling in test plans during mapping exercises. Employees from Sir Lancellot were chosen as responsible testers according to the training test plan SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T.TP1.



Description of Equipment

Equipment data

Owner Sir Lancellot Delivery & Courier Service

Address 1019 4th Ave, Lester, PA 19029, US

Model/Brand 2024 Freightliner M2 106 Plus

Vehicle license plate number ZDT1137

Vehicle Number 3466T

No. of footer truck family 10 pallets

Usage Transportation of pharmaceuticals and specimens

Dimensions 26 ft x 8.5 ft x 12 ft 6 inches (7.93 m x 2.60 m x 3.84 m)

(Length x Width x Height)

Temperature range • Ambient: 15 °C to 25 °C

Cold: 2 °C to 8 °C

Temperature set-point

• Ambient: 20 °C

Cold: 3 °C

Equipment layout

The maximum height of the stored goods is up to 6 ft (1.83 m).

The layout of the unit can be seen on figure 1.





Figure 1: Image representation of the actual unit or layout of the unit that was mapped.

During the mapping exercise, the equipment was mapped in 2 different temperature setpoints at 2 $^{\circ}$ C - 8 $^{\circ}$ C and 15 $^{\circ}$ C - 25 $^{\circ}$ C.

External influences

The external influences consisted of:

- 1. Non conformant temperatures entering from the door facing the external environment.
- 2. Non conformant temperatures were acquired from the evaporators placed on one side of the trailer.

Internal influences

The internal influences consisted of:

- 1. Non-homogeneous distribution of temperatures inside the unit.
- 2. Unreasonable measurements by the control temperature sensor.

Normal use

The equipment is planned to be used for transportation of pharmaceuticals and specimens at temperatures of $2 \,^{\circ}\text{C} - 8 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $15 \,^{\circ}\text{C} - 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The unit will be used for trips of approximately 4-6 hours with 2 stops in between.

Loading

When the unit will be in operation, it is expected that the loading will be 25% of the capacity.



Door openings

A door is placed in the back end of the trailer, which is used for loading and unloading goods. During normal operation the door is being opened for a duration of ca. 20 minutes per day for loading and unloading of goods.

Temperature control

The temperature is controlled by a HVAC system and the placement can be seen in Figure 1.

Scope

The scope of the described mapping exercises was to map the mentioned equipment during the summer season to ensure that the unit is able to maintain the temperature within the compliant range.

The purpose of this was to document whether or not the equipment is compliant with the URS and regulatory requirements. Additionally, the mapping was performed to identify the hot and cold spots during the mapping activities.

Subsequently, a winter mapping is to be performed.

History

The unit has no prior history of temperature mapping.

Objectives

The mapping exercise aimed to gain information on the following subjects:

- Measure temperature variations at each location within the specified area to determine temperature stability.
- Document high and low temperatures in the described unit, to determine hot and cold zones.
- Gain data on suitable placement of temperature monitoring for subsequent use, and make recommendations based on the gathered data.



Acceptance criteria

For the unit to be in compliance with internal requirements, the measured temperature characteristics had to be within the following:

Cold conditions

	Low Limit	High Limit
Temperature measurements (all measurement points)	2℃	8℃
Temperature when accounting for MPE (± 0.50°C)	2.50 °C	7.50 ℃

Table 1: Temperature measurements and criteria for cold conditions.

Ambient conditions

	Low Limit	High Limit
Temperature measurements (all measurement points)	15℃	25 ℃
Temperature when accounting for MPE (± 0.50°C)	15.50 ℃	24.50 °C

Table 2: Temperature measurements and criteria for ambient conditions.

Deviations

Any observed non-conformities were assessed with a deviation process.

Risk assessment

The following risks have been identified:

- Based on the identified external influences, loggers were placed to mitigate the possibility of non-conformant temperatures near these locations.
- The loggers were placed in a grid in accordance with WHO Technical Report Series, No. 961, 2011 Annex 9 taking into account risk areas such as corners, locations adjacent to the ventilation system and the gate/door.



- The number of loggers was less than recommended in the WHO Technical Report Series, No. 961, 2011 Annex 9 but is justified with the assumption that the unit is symmetrical and the air flow is evenly distributed.
- Based on the identified internal influences, loggers were placed to mitigate the possibility of non-conformant temperatures near the ventilation system and door.
- The mapping was conducted without loading of goods in order to validate that it operates as required.
- The mapping was done during summer time. A subsequent loaded mapping will be carried out during a winter mapping at a later date.
- The placements considered the thermoisolution properties of the datalogger devices which enabled them to not affect the external probes temperature measurements. It was crucial for the external sensors to not touch any surfaces of the room. When attached to the datalogger devices, the sensors were surrounded by free air and the dataloggers were fixed in place with non-temperature conductive material. External probes which measure the temperatures, were surrounded by thermal isolation that ensured the probes were only measuring the temperature within the free air.



Methodology

Test equipment

EDLMs used for measuring the temperature in the designated positions were of the type DW2ST with external sensor type P1T from Eupry Aps.

Datasheet for the sensors will be attached to the mapping study documentation in the attached appendices.

EDLM requirements for P1T (Temperature sensors):

MPE	± 0.50 °C
Calibration points	-20 °C, 0 °C, 50 °C (Traceable calibration)
Calibration date limit	≦ 360 days prior to use
Data logging interval	3 minutes
Operating range	-30 °C to 50 °C

Table 3: Requirements for the temperature mapping equipment.

Identification of test equipment

Test equipment was identified using the unique Eupry serial number placed on the side of each datalogger together with the serial number of each external sensor.

In the mapping software, the identification of the datalogger was used as the identifier.

Placement of dataloggers

Following the risk assessment above, the number of temperature loggers was decided to be 9 temperature data loggers.

Placements were named as B = bottom, M = middle and T = top.

- B = 0.66 ft (0.20 m) above floor (Bottom of goods placed on pallets)
- M= 3.28 ft (1 m) above floor (Middle of goods placed on pallets)
- T = 6 ft (1.83 m) above floor (Maximum height of goods stored on pallets)



All loggers are placed according to the following rationales in order to mitigate risks identified in the risk assessment section.

Rationales

List of rationales:

- D Doors
- G Grid logger
- V Ventilation

Overview of placements

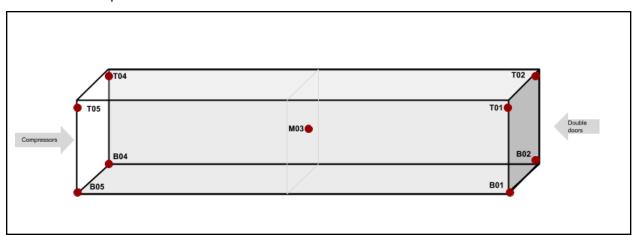


Figure 2: Placement of temperature loggers during mapping exercises.

Placement	EDLM identifier	Probe ID	Height (m)	Rationale	Comments
B01	35848	6403	0.20	G, D	N/A
T01	31196	25279	1.83	G, D	N/A
B02	33267	22158	0.20	G, D	N/A
T02	33208	24369	1.83	G, D	N/A
M03	33256	25889	1.0	G, D, V	N/A
B04	32309	29240	0.2	G, V	N/A
T04	32637	13866	1.83	G, V	N/A
B05	32633	28746	0.20	G, V	N/A



	Placement	EDLM identifier	Probe ID	Height (m)	Rationale	Comments
Ī	T05	33269	35290	1.83	G, V	N/A

Table 4: Placement of temperature loggers during mapping exercises, with rationales.

Performed tests

During the mapping exercise the following tests were performed in timezone GMT - 4 and in the following order:

	Empty - OQ				
	Ambient	setpoint	Cold setpoint		
Duration:	3 hours 12 hours 08:30 27-JUN-2025 27-JUN-2025 11:30 27-JUN-2025 27-JUN-2025 GMT - 4 GMT - 4 Stabilization (Ambient) Stability study (Ambient) TP3.B TP3.B		3 hours	12 hours	
Start Time & Date:			15:30 01-JUL-2025	18:30 01-JUL-2025	
End Time & Date:			18:30 01-JUL-2025	06:30 02-JUL-2025	
Timezone:			GMT - 4	GMT - 4	
Objective:			Stabilization (Cold)	Stability study (Cold)	
Test Plan			TP3.A	TP3.A	

Table 5: Mapping procedure for empty unit. (See non-conformity no. 1.0)

Test procedures

Placement of dataloggers

All dataloggers were placed on designated positions before all mapping exercises, and this was documented in test plan SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T.TP2. A picture documentation was taken and has been attached in **appendix 4**.

Conditions during test

Any activity during the mapping tests was logged in test plan SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T.TP4 throughout all the mapping exercises performed in said unit.

Empty

No goods were present in the unit.



Stabilization

Prior to each test all the temperature loggers were within the acceptable temperature range unless otherwise stated in the non-conformity section.

The unit was allowed to stabilize before any mapping exercises. During stabilization, **no door openings** were performed, and **no loading** of the unit took place. A stabilization of 3 hours took place prior to the start of testing, as specified in **table 5** representing the timeline for all mapping scenarios.

Temperature data during the mapping period (Outside air)

All mapping activities took place from the 27-JUN-2025 until the 02-JULY-2025, and the outside temperature during that period has been collected from www.visualcrossing.com:

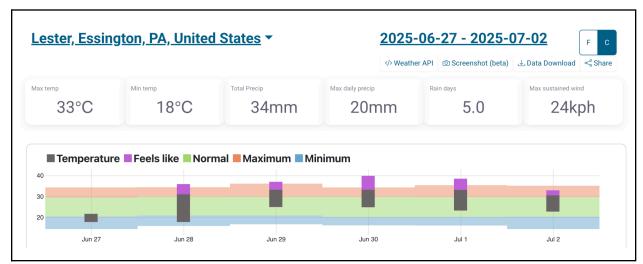


Figure 3: Graphical representation of the outdoors temperature during the mapping activities. Graph has been exported from www.visualcrossing.com.

Mapping Study Execution

Stability test - Empty

The mapping was performed as described in SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAILER.3466T.TP3 Empty Stability Study.

Test documentation

The performance of each test has been documented on the associated test plan.

- TP1 Documentation of Training
- TP2 Datalogger Placement and Identification



- TP3 Empty Stability Study Test
- TP4 Door opening scheme/Warning letter

All filled-in test plans will be appended to this report in digital format.

All documentation has been reviewed and approved and has been deemed acceptable.

Furthermore, all measurements from the mapping exercise are appended to this report.

Non-conformities

All observed non-conformities have been described in the non-conformities sections and have been assessed accordingly.

Data review

All data has been reviewed prior to the making of this report and deemed fulfilled completely. All non-conformities have been processed with associated comments as shown in the non-conformities section.

Mapping data and conclusions

First each scenario was discussed and concluded, and thereafter an overall conclusion was included.

Graphical representation of temperatures for every scenario will be attached to this report.

The following sections analyze data gathered during the mapping. Every test scenario has its own sections with subsections as follows:

- Table with temperature data from within measurement area containing minimum, mean, and maximum values for all dataloggers
- Graphical representation of the temperature data
- Cold spots and hot spots (both peaks and mean values) are indicated in the data tables as blue and red boxes respectively with bold typography
- Excursions below the accepted range marked with blue boxes
- Excursions above the accepted range marked with red boxes
- Sub-conclusions on every test-scenario
- List of non-conformities if any non-conformities have occurred during the study
- The raw data collected during the study is found in the associated appendix
- The mapping data report files can be found in the associated appendix



TP3.A - Empty Stability test (OQ) - Cold Temperature

Raw data

The raw data collected during the study is found in the associated folder.

Minimum, maximum and average

The following thermal characteristics were observed during the study.

Temperature data from within measurement area

Placement (Datalogger)	Min	Mean	Max
B01 (35848)	4.41 °C	5.10 °C	7.18 °C
B02 (33267)	4.79 °C	5.38 ℃	7.24 °C
B04 (32309)	4.68 °C	5.17 °C	7.64 °C
B05 (32633)	4.81 °C	5.24 °C	7.56 °C
M03 (33256)	3.68 °C	4.40 °C	7.77 °C
T01 (31196)	3.63 ℃	4.43 °C	6.66 °C
T02 (33208)	3.78 °C	4.57 °C	6.64 °C
T04 (32637)	5.49 °C	5.92 °C	10.40 °C
T05 (33269)	5.52 °C	5.89 °C	7.72 °C
Overall	3.63 ℃	5.12 °C	10.40 °C

Table 6: Temperature data obtained during the empty stability study, where the bold indication is the coldest and hottest area respectively. The values highlighted with red indicate high excursions.



Graphical representation of temperature data All temperatures

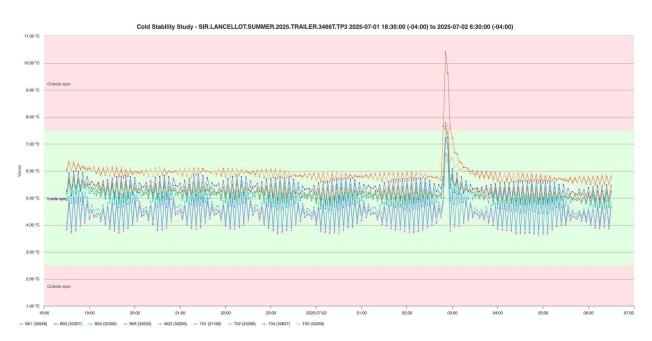


Figure 4: Graphical representation of the temperature measurements for all positions.

Hot and cold spots

Hot/Cold Spot	Placement (Datalogger)	Min	Mean	Max
Hot Spot (Peak)	T04 (32637)	5.49 °C	5.92 °C	10.40 °C
Hot Spot (Mean)	T04 (32637)	5.49 °C	5.92 ℃	10.40 °C
Cold Spot (Peak)	T01 (31196)	3.63 ℃	4.43 °C	6.66 °C
Cold Spot (Mean)	M03 (33256)	3.68 ℃	4.40 °C	7.77 °C

Table 7: Hot and cold spots measured during the study, where the bold indication is the coldest and hottest area respectively.

Observed excursions

The detailed excursion list can be found in **appendix 3**. Positions B04, B05 M03, T04 and T05 measured high excursions between 02:45 and 02:48 02-JUL-2025 lasting between 6 minutes to 15 minutes.



Tendencies of interest

The highest temperature peak and mean were both at position T04 at 10.40 $^{\circ}$ C and 5.92 $^{\circ}$ C, respectively.

The lowest temperature peak and mean were at position T01 at 3.63 °C and M03 at 4.40 °C, respectively.

Conclusion

The unit was able to maintain the temperature within the acceptable range except for positions B04, B05 M03, T04 and T05 as specified in **appendix 3**.

In addition, all the positions experienced an increase in temperature at the time of excursions.

The table that follows lists the peak and mean hot and cold spots for when the MPE is taken into consideration. These placements will be considered as candidates for monitoring in the overall conclusions.

Hot spo	ts	Cold spots		
Highest - Peak	Highest - Mean	Lowest - Peak	Lowest - Mean	
T04 (32637)	T04 (32637) T05 (33269)	T01 (31196) M03 (33256) T02 (33208)	M03 (33256) T01 (31196) T02 (33208)	

Table 8: Hot and cold spots list table where MPE is taken into consideration.

Non-conformities

No non-conformities were observed during the study.



TP3.B - Empty Stability test (OQ) - Ambient Temperature

Raw data

The raw data collected during the study is found in the associated folder.

Minimum, maximum and average

The following thermal characteristics were observed during the study.

Temperature data from within measurement area

Placement (Datalogger)	Min	Mean	Max
B01 (35848)	19.35 °C	20.07 °C	20.73 °C
B02 (33267)	19.45 °C	20.17 °C	20.84 °C
B04 (32309)	19.70 °C	20.25 °C	20.78 °C
B05 (32633)	19.67 °C	20.19 °C	20.63 °C
M03 (33256)	19.49 °C	20.20 °C	20.93 °C
T01 (31196)	19.22 ℃	20.05 °C	20.85 °C
T02 (33208)	19.29 ℃	20.13 °C	20.94 °C
T04 (32637)	19.90 °C	20.39 °C	20.81 °C
T05 (33269)	19.87 °C	20.40 °C	20.88 °C
Overall	19.22 ℃	20.20 °C	20.94 °C

Table 9: Temperature data obtained during the empty door opening study, where the bold indication is the coldest and hottest area respectively.



Graphical representation of temperature data All temperatures



Figure 5: Graphical representation of the temperature measurements for all positions.

Hot and cold spots

Hot/Cold Spot	Placement (Datalogger)	Min	Mean	Max
Hot Spot (Peak)	T02 (33208)	19.29 °C	20.13 °C	20.94 °C
Hot Spot (Mean)	T05 (33269)	19.87 ℃	20.40 °C	20.88 °C
Cold Spot (Peak)	T01 (31196)	19.22 ℃	20.05 °C	20.85 °C
Cold Spot (Mean)	T01 (31196)	19.22 ℃	20.05 °C	20.85 °C

Table 10: Hot and cold spots measured during the study, where the bold indication is the coldest and hottest area respectively.

Tendencies of interest

The highest temperature peak and mean were at position T02 at 20.94 $^{\circ}$ C and T05 at 20.40 $^{\circ}$ C, respectively.

The lowest temperature peak and mean were both at position T01 at 19.22°C and at 20.05 °C, respectively.



Conclusion

The unit was able to maintain the temperature within the acceptable range throughout the period of this test.

The table that follows lists the peak and mean hot and cold spots for when the MPE is taken into consideration. These placements will be considered as candidates for monitoring in the overall conclusions.

ŀ	lot spots		Cold spots		
Highest - Peak	Highest - Mean	Lowest - Peak	Lowest - Mean		
All positions	All positions	T01 (31196) T02 (33208) B01 (35848) B02 (33267) M03 (33256) B05 (32633) B04 (32309)	All positions		

Table 11: Hot and cold spots list table where MPE is taken into consideration.

Non-conformities

No.	Non-conformity	Assessment	Conclusion	Initials
1.0	Different end date used than the end date stated in the test plan.	Error in end date of Ambient Temperature test indicated in Test Plan SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAI LER.3466T.TP3. In accordance with the test plan SIR.LANCELLOT.SUMMER.2025.TRAI LER.3466T.TP3, rev 1.0, the stated end date of the Ambient Stability Test was 28-JUN-2025 but the actual end date was 27-JUN-2025. For the data analysis the correct end date was used.		ZCH

Table 12: Listed non-conformities observed during this test.



Overall conclusion and recommendations

The unit was able to maintain the temperature within the acceptable range for the ambient testing conditions.

During the cold temperature study, the unit was able to maintain the temperature within the acceptable range for all positions except for positions B04, B05 M03, T04 and T05 as when specified in **appendix 3**.

In addition, all the positions experienced an increase in temperature at the time of excursions.

It is recommended that mitigation actions are taken such as the placement of monitoring to these locations.



Overview of the mapping results for hot and cold spots

Test ID:	Hot spots:		Cold spot:	
	Peak	Mean	Peak	Mean
Empty Stability Study - Cold	T04 (32637)	T04 (32637) T05 (33269)	T01 (31196) M03 (33256) T02 (33208)	M03 (33256) T01 (31196) T02 (33208)
Empty Stability Study - Ambient	All positions	All positions	T01 (31196) T02 (33208) B01 (35848) B02 (33267) M03 (33256) B05 (32633) B04 (32309)	All positions

The recommendation for placement of temperature monitoring dataloggers is based on the analysis of hot and cold spots and the risks enlisted previously in the risk assessment section. As seen in the table above summarizing all the hot and cold spots found during the mapping period, it can be concluded that many positions are statistically candidates for the cold/hot positions.

Recommendations for the placement of constant temperature monitoring are as follows, with placement of fixed monitoring in some/all of the listed positions:

The placement should consist of at least 1 fixed monitor for the hot and cold spots respectively.

Cold spots:

- T01, T02 and M03

Hot spots:

- T04 and T05

Lastly, the fixed monitoring should take consideration into areas at risk of measuring temperatures outside of the accepted range such as, close to the doors, near the ventilation and temperature control system and so forth.

Risk spots:

- B04, B05 M03, T04 and T05



Change history

Revision #	Initials	Date	Comment
1.0	ZCH	22-JUL-2025	First Revision.